ASSEMBLY, No. 1897 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

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Sponsored by: Assemblyman BENJIE E. WIMBERLY District 35 (Bergen and Passaic) Assemblyman JAMEL C. HOLLEY District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblywomen Carter, Tucker and Timberlake

SYNOPSIS

Decriminalizes possession of 10 grams or less of marijuana and personal-use amount of regulated marijuana-infused products; requires substance abuse treatment under certain circumstances.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/15/2020)

A1897 WIMBERLY, HOLLEY

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AN ACT concerning marijuana, amending various parts of the 1 2 statutory law, and supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey 3 Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. N.J.S.2B:12-17 is amended to read as follows: 9 2B:12-17. Jurisdiction of specified offenses. A municipal court 10 has jurisdiction over the following cases within the territorial jurisdiction of the court: 11 12 a. Violations of county or municipal ordinances; Violations of the motor vehicle and traffic laws; 13 b. 14 Disorderly persons offenses, petty disorderly persons c. 15 offenses and other non-indictable offenses except where exclusive 16 jurisdiction is given to the Superior Court; 17 d. Violations of the fish and game laws; e. Proceedings to collect a penalty where jurisdiction is granted 18 19 by statute; 20 f. Violations of laws regulating boating; [and] 21 Violations of sections 10 and 11 of P.L., c. (C.) g. 22 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and 23 h. Any other proceedings where jurisdiction is granted by 24 statute. 25 (cf: P.L.1996, c.95, s.12) 26 2. N.J.S.2C:35-2 is amended to read as follows: 27 28 2C:35-2. As used in this chapter: 29 "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled 30 dangerous substance or controlled substance analog, whether by 31 injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a 32 patient or research subject by: (1) a practitioner (or, in his 33 presence, by his lawfully authorized agent), or (2) the patient or 34 research subject at the lawful direction and in the presence of the 35 practitioner. 36 "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at 37 the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser but does 38 not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or 39 employee thereof. 40 "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance, or 41 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V, any substance the 42 distribution of which is specifically prohibited in N.J.S.2C:35-3, in 43 section 3 of P.L.1997, c.194 (C.2C:35-5.2), in section 5 of 44 P.L.1997, c.194 (C.2C:35-5.3), in section 2 of P.L.2011, c.120 45 (C.2C:35-5.3a), or in section 2 of P.L.2013, c.35 (C.2C:35-5.3b),

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

and any drug or substance which, when ingested, is metabolized or 1 2 otherwise becomes a controlled dangerous substance in the human 3 body. When any statute refers to controlled dangerous substances, 4 or to a specific controlled dangerous substance, it shall also be 5 deemed to refer to any drug or substance which, when ingested, is 6 metabolized or otherwise becomes a controlled dangerous substance 7 or the specific controlled dangerous substance, and to any substance 8 that is an immediate precursor of a controlled dangerous substance 9 or the specific controlled dangerous substance. The term shall not 10 include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, as those terms are 11 defined or used in R.S.33:1-1 et seq., or tobacco and tobacco 12 products. The term, wherever it appears in any law or administrative regulation of this State, shall include controlled 13 14 substance analogs.

15 "Controlled substance analog" means a substance that has a 16 chemical structure substantially similar to that of a controlled 17 dangerous substance and that was specifically designed to produce 18 an effect substantially similar to that of a controlled dangerous 19 substance. The term shall not include a substance manufactured or 20 distributed in conformance with the provisions of an approved new 21 drug application or an exemption for investigational use within the 22 meaning of section 505 of the "Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic 23 Act," 52 Stat. 1052 (21 U.S.C. s.355).

24 "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled dangerous substance 25 or controlled substance analog which, or the container or labeling of 26 which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or 27 other identifying mark, imprint, number, or device, or any likeness 28 thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the 29 person or persons who in fact manufactured, distributed, or 30 dispensed the substance and which thereby falsely purports or is 31 represented to be the product of, or to have been distributed by, 32 such other manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser.

"Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or
attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled
dangerous substance or controlled substance analog, whether or not
there is an agency relationship.

"Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous substance or
controlled substance analog to an ultimate user or research subject
by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the
prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding
necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery. "Dispenser"
means a practitioner who dispenses.

"Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or
dispensing a controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance
analog. "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

46 "Drugs" means (a) substances recognized in the official United
47 States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the
48 United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to

1 any of them; and (b) substances intended for use in the diagnosis,

cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or other
animals; and (c) substances (other than food) intended to affect the
structure or any function of the body of man or other animals; and
(d) substances intended for use as a component of any article
specified in subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section; but does not
include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.

8 "Drug or alcohol dependent person" means a person who as a 9 result of using a controlled dangerous substance or controlled 10 substance analog or alcohol has been in a state of psychic or 11 physical dependence, or both, arising from the use of that controlled 12 dangerous substance or controlled substance analog or alcohol on a 13 continuous or repetitive basis. Drug or alcohol dependence is 14 characterized by behavioral and other responses, including but not 15 limited to a strong compulsion to take the substance on a recurring 16 basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the 17 discomfort of its absence.

18 "Hashish" means the resin extracted from any part of the plant
19 Genus Cannabis L. and any compound, manufacture, salt,
20 derivative, mixture, or preparation of such resin.

"Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, 21 22 compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled dangerous 23 substance or controlled substance analog, either directly or by 24 extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by 25 means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and 26 chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of 27 the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that 28 this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a 29 controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog by 30 an individual for his own use or the preparation, compounding, 31 packaging, or labeling of a controlled dangerous substance: (1) by 32 a practitioner as an incident to his administering or dispensing of a 33 controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog in 34 the course of his professional practice, or (2) by a practitioner (or 35 under his supervision) for the purpose of, or as an incident to, 36 research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.

"Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Genus Cannabis L., 37 38 whether growing or not; the seeds thereof, and every compound, 39 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant or 40 its seeds, except those containing resin extracted from the plant; but 41 shall not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from 42 the stalks, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other 43 compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of 44 mature stalks, fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant 45 which is incapable of germination.

46 <u>"Marijuana concentrate" means a product consisting wholly or in</u>
 47 part of the resin extracted from any part of the plant Genus

<u>Cannabis L. and having a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration</u>
 <u>greater than 2.5 percent.</u>

3 "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced
4 directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable
5 origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a
6 combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(a) Opium, coca leaves, and opiates;

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8 (b) A compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of9 opium, coca leaves, or opiates;

10 (c) A substance (and any compound, manufacture, salt, 11 derivative, or preparation thereof) which is chemically identical 12 with any of the substances referred to in subsections (a) and (b), 13 except that the words "narcotic drug" as used in this act shall not 14 include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves, which 15 extracts do not contain cocaine or ecogine.

16 "Opiate" means any dangerous substance having an addiction-17 forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or 18 being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-19 forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless 20 specifically designated as controlled pursuant to the provisions of 21 section 3 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-3), the dextrorotatory isomer 22 of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). 23 It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

24 "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver25 somniferum L., except the seeds thereof.

26 "Person" means any corporation, association, partnership, trust,27 other institution or entity, or one or more individuals.

28 "Personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product" 29 means one or more products, containing a total of no more than 100 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol, comprised of marijuana, 30 31 marijuana extracts, or marijuana resins and other ingredients and 32 intended for personal use or consumption, including but not limited to edible products, ointments, and tinctures, lawfully obtained from 33 34 a jurisdiction where marijuana sales to adults are authorized under 35 the law of the jurisdiction, in its original, child-resistant, labeled 36 packaging when stored.

37 "Plant" means an organism having leaves and a readily
38 observable root formation, including, but not limited to, a cutting
39 having roots, a rootball or root hairs.

40 "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium41 poppy, after mowing.

"Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific
investigator, laboratory, pharmacy, hospital, or other person
licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense,
conduct research with respect to, or administer a controlled
dangerous substance or controlled substance analog in the course of
professional practice or research in this State.

(a) "Physician" means a physician authorized by law to practice
 medicine in this or any other state and any other person authorized
 by law to treat sick and injured human beings in this or any other
 state.

5 (b) "Veterinarian" means a veterinarian authorized by law to 6 practice veterinary medicine in this State.

7 (c) "Dentist" means a dentist authorized by law to practice8 dentistry in this State.

9 (d) "Hospital" means any federal institution, or any institution 10 for the care and treatment of the sick and injured, operated or 11 approved by the appropriate State department as proper to be 12 entrusted with the custody and professional use of controlled 13 dangerous substances or controlled substance analogs.

(e) "Laboratory" means a laboratory to be entrusted with the
custody of narcotic drugs and the use of controlled dangerous
substances or controlled substance analogs for scientific,
experimental, and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction
approved by the Department of Health.

"Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation,
growing, or harvesting of a controlled dangerous substance or
controlled substance analog.

22 "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety has 23 found to be and by regulation designates as being the principal 24 25 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and 26 which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance or 27 controlled substance analog, the control of which is necessary to 28 29 prevent, curtail, or limit such manufacture.

30 "Residential treatment facility" means any facility licensed and
31 approved by the Department of Human Services and which is
32 approved by any county probation department for the inpatient
33 treatment and rehabilitation of drug or alcohol dependent persons.

"Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V" are the schedules set forth in
sections 5 through 8 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-5 through 24:218) and in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.3 (C.24:21-8.1) and as modified
by any regulations issued by the Director of the Division of
Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety
pursuant to the director's authority as provided in section 3 of
P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-3).

41 "State" means the State of New Jersey.

"Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a
controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog for
his own use or for the use of a member of his household or for
administration to an animal owned by him or by a member of his
household.

47 "Prescription legend drug" means any drug which under federal48 or State law requires dispensing by prescription or order of a

licensed physician, veterinarian, or dentist and is required to bear
 the statement "Rx only" or similar wording indicating that such
 drug may be sold or dispensed only upon the prescription of a
 licensed medical practitioner and is not a controlled dangerous
 substance or stramonium preparation.

6 "Stramonium preparation" means a substance prepared from any
7 part of the stramonium plant in the form of a powder, pipe mixture,
8 cigarette, or any other form with or without other ingredients.

9 "Stramonium plant" means the plant Datura Stramonium Linne,10 including Datura Tatula Linne.

11 (cf: P.L.2013, c.35, s.1)

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13 3. N.J.S.2C:35-10 is amended to read as follows:

14 2C:35-10. Possession, Use or Being Under the Influence, or15 Failure to Make Lawful Disposition.

16 a. It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or purposely, to 17 obtain, or to possess, actually or constructively, a controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog, unless the 18 19 substance was obtained directly, or pursuant to a valid prescription 20 or order form from a practitioner, while acting in the course of his 21 professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by 22 P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-1 et seq.). Any person who violates this 23 section with respect to:

(1) A controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, classified in
Schedule I, II, III or IV other than those specifically covered in this
section, is guilty of a crime of the third degree except that,
notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a
fine of up to \$35,000.00 may be imposed;

(2) Any controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, classified
in Schedule V, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree except that,
notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a
fine of up to \$15,000.00 may be imposed;

33 (3) Possession of: (a) more than 50 grams of marijuana, 34 including any adulterants or dilutants [, or]; (b) more than five 35 grams of hashish or marijuana concentrate; or (c) more than two 36 times a personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2, is guilty of a crime of the 37 38 fourth degree, except that, notwithstanding the provisions of 39 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:43-3, a fine of up to \$25,000.00 may be 40 imposed; [or]

41 (4) Possession of : (a) more than 10 grams but less than 50 42 grams of marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; (b) more 43 than a personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused 44 product but less than two times a personal-use amount of a 45 regulated marijuana-infused product; or (c) more than one gram but less than five grams of hashish or marijuana concentrate [or less of 46 47 marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants], or five grams or 48 less of hashish is a disorderly person; or

(5) Possession of: (a) 10 grams or less of marijuana, including

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2 any adulterants or dilutants; (b) a personal-use amount of a 3 regulated marijuana-infused product; or (c) one gram or less of 4 hashish or marijuana concentrate is not a violation of this title, but 5 shall be subject to the penalties set forth in section 10 of P.L., 6 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 7 Any person who commits any offense defined in this section 8 while on any property used for school purposes which is owned by 9 or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or 10 within 1,000 feet of any such school property or a school bus, or 11 while on any school bus, and who is not sentenced to a term of 12 imprisonment, shall, in addition to any other sentence which the 13 court may impose, be required to perform not less than 100 hours of 14 community service. 15 b. Any person who uses or who is under the influence of any 16 controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, for a purpose other 17 than the treatment of sickness or injury as lawfully prescribed or 18 administered by a physician is a disorderly person. It is not a 19 violation of this subsection if a person is under the influence of 20 <u>marijuana.</u> 21 In a prosecution under this subsection, it shall not be necessary 22 for the State to prove that the accused did use or was under the 23 influence of any specific drug, but it shall be sufficient for a 24 conviction under this subsection for the State to prove that the 25 accused did use or was under the influence of some controlled 26 dangerous substance, counterfeit controlled dangerous substance, or 27 controlled substance analog, other than marijuana, by proving that 28 the accused did manifest physical and physiological symptoms or 29 reactions caused by the use of any controlled dangerous substance 30 or controlled substance analog. 31 c. Any person who knowingly obtains or possesses a controlled 32 dangerous substance or controlled substance analog in violation of 33 subsection a. of this section and who fails to voluntarily deliver the 34 substance to the nearest law enforcement officer is guilty of a 35 disorderly persons offense. Nothing in this subsection shall be 36 construed to preclude a prosecution or conviction for any other 37 offense defined in this title or any other statute. It is not a violation 38 of this subsection if the substance is 10 grams or less of marijuana, 39 including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use amount of a 40 regulated marijuana-infused product; or one gram or less of hashish 41 or marijuana concentrate. 42 (cf: P.L.1997, c.181, s.6) 43 44 4. N.J.S.2C:35-18 is amended to read as follows: 45 Exemption; Burden of Proof. a. If conduct is 2C:35-18. 46 authorized by the provisions of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-1 et seq.), P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), [or] P.L.2015, c.158 (C.18A:40-47 12.22 et al.), or if conduct is not subject to a criminal penalty 48

pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (5) of subsection a. of 1 2 N.J.S.2C:35-10, that authorization or decriminalization shall, 3 subject to the provisions of this section, constitute an exemption 4 from criminal liability under this chapter or chapter 36, and the 5 absence of such authorization or decriminalization shall not be 6 construed to be an element of any offense in this chapter or chapter 7 36. It is an affirmative defense to any criminal action arising under 8 this chapter or chapter 36 that the defendant is the authorized holder 9 of an appropriate registration, permit or order form or is otherwise 10 exempted or excepted from criminal liability by virtue of any 11 provision of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-1 et seq.), P.L.2009, c.307 12 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), [or] P.L.2015, c.158 (C.18A:40-12.22 et al.), or the provisions of paragraph (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10. 13 14 The affirmative defense established herein shall be proved by the 15 defendant by a preponderance of the evidence. It shall not be 16 necessary for the State to negate any exemption set forth in this act 17 or in any provision of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes in any 18 complaint, information, indictment or other pleading or in any trial, 19 hearing or other proceeding under this act. b. No liability shall be imposed by virtue of this chapter or 20 21 chapter 36 upon any duly authorized State officer, engaged in the 22 enforcement of any law or municipal ordinance relating to 23 controlled dangerous substances or controlled substance analogs. 24 (cf: P.L.2015, c.158, s.3) 25 26 5. N.J.S.2C:36-2 is amended to read as follows: 27 2C:36-2. Use or possession with intent to use drug paraphernalia, 28 disorderly persons offense. 29 It shall be unlawful for any person to use, or to possess with 30 intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, 31 grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, 32 prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, ingest, 33 inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled 34 dangerous substance, controlled substance analog or toxic chemical 35 in violation of the provisions of chapter 35 of this title. Any person 36 who violates this section is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 37 Use, or possession with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, 38 propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, 39 convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, 40 store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into 41 the human body 10 grams or less of marijuana, including any 42 adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use amount of a regulated 43 marijuana-infused product; or one gram or less of hashish or 44 marijuana concentrate is not a violation of this section but shall be 45 subject to the penalties set forth in section 11 of P.L. 46 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

^{47 (}cf: P.L.2007, c.31, s.3)

1 6. N.J.S.2C:36A-1 is amended to read as follows:

2 2C:36A-1. Conditional discharge for certain first offenses.

3 a. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted 4 of any offense under section 20 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-20), or 5 a disorderly persons or petty disorderly persons offense defined in 6 chapter 35 or 36 of this title or, subsequent to the effective date of 7 this title, under any law of the United States, this State or any other 8 state relating to marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or 9 hallucinogenic drugs, and who has not previously participated in a 10 program of supervisory treatment pursuant to N.J.S.2C:43-12 or 11 conditional dismissal pursuant to P.L.2013, c.158 (C.2C:43-13.1 et 12 al.), or a Veterans Diversion Program pursuant to P.L.2017, c.42 13 (C.2C:43-23 et al.), is charged with or convicted of any disorderly 14 persons offense or petty disorderly persons offense under chapter 35 15 or 36 of this title, the court [upon notice to the prosecutor and], 16 subject to subsection c. of this section, [may on motion of the 17 defendant or the court] shall:

(1) Suspend further proceedings and with the consent of the
person after reference to the State Bureau of Identification criminal
history record information files, place him under supervisory
treatment upon such reasonable terms and conditions as it may
require, including the terms and conditions set forth in subsection b.
of this section; or

(2) After a plea of guilty or finding of guilty, and without
entering a judgment of conviction, and with the consent of the
person after proper reference to the State Bureau of Identification
criminal history record information files, place him on supervisory
treatment upon reasonable terms and conditions as it may require,
<u>including the terms and conditions set forth in subsection b. of this</u>
<u>section</u>, or as otherwise provided by law.

b. <u>The court shall order the person to undergo a diagnostic</u>
assessment by a professional licensed or certified by the Division of
Mental Health and Addiction Services in the Department of Health
to perform such assessments to determine if and to what extent the
person is drug dependent and would benefit from treatment.

36 (1) If the person is determined to not be drug dependent he shall 37 complete a two-hour education program on marijuana and other 38 controlled dangerous substances, according to a curriculum 39 developed by the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services 40 in the Department of Health. The curriculum shall include written 41 materials. If the professional determines that the person is not drug 42 dependent, the professional shall report to the court that no further 43 action is needed, and the records of the violation shall be expunged 44 as set forth in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (2) of this subsection. 45 (2) If the person is determined to be drug dependent within the 46 meaning of N.J.S.2C:35-2 and substance abuse treatment and 47 monitoring will serve to benefit the person by addressing his drug

dependency, the court shall order the person to undergo treatment

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1 for drug dependency at a suitable treatment facility licensed and 2 approved by the Department of Health and to comply with the 3 requirements of the course of treatment. The person shall be 4 required to submit to periodic testing to determine compliance with 5 treatment program goals. The treatment provider shall promptly 6 report to the court any significant failures by the person to comply 7 with any court-imposed term or condition of treatment or any 8 requirements of the course of treatment, including but not limited to 9 a positive drug or alcohol test or the unexcused failure to attend any 10 session or activity. 11 A person may apply for a waiver of the cost of the substance 12 abuse assessment and substance abuse treatment by reason of 13 extreme financial hardship. Costs of the substance abuse assessment 14 may be reimbursed from the Drug Education Program Fund 15 established in section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before 16 the Legislature as this bill). 17 (a) Upon completion of treatment, the agency designated by the 18 court to monitor or supervise the person's treatment shall report to 19 the court as to the person's progress in treatment and compliance 20 with court-imposed terms and conditions. 21 (b) After the expiration of a period six months following the 22 court's entry of the order of dismissal, the records of the person's 23 arrest shall be expunged pursuant to N.J.S.2C:52-6. Expungement 24 shall not require any action by the person or the payment of any fee. 25 In no event shall the court require as a term or condition of 26 supervisory treatment under this section, referral to any residential 27 treatment facility for a period exceeding the maximum period of 28 confinement prescribed by law for the offense for which the 29 individual has been charged or convicted, nor shall any term of 30 supervisory treatment imposed under this subsection exceed a 31 period of three years. [If a person is placed under supervisory 32 treatment under this section after a plea of guilty or finding of guilt, 33 the court as a term and condition of supervisory treatment shall 34 suspend the person's driving privileges for a period to be fixed by 35 the court at not less than six months or more than two years unless 36 the court finds compelling circumstances warranting an exception. 37 For the purposes of this subsection, compelling circumstances 38 warranting an exception exist if the suspension of the person's 39 driving privileges will result in extreme hardship and alternative 40 means of transportation are not available. In the case of a person 41 who at the time of placement under supervisory treatment under this 42 section is less than 17 years of age, the period of suspension of 43 driving privileges authorized herein, including a suspension of the 44 privilege of operating a motorized bicycle, shall commence on the 45 day the person is placed on supervisory treatment and shall run for a 46 period as fixed by the court of not less than six months or more than 47 two years after the day the person reaches the age of 17 years.

1 If the driving privilege of a person is under revocation, 2 suspension, or postponement for a violation of this title or Title 39 3 of the Revised Statutes at the time of the person's placement on 4 supervisory treatment under this section, the revocation, suspension 5 or postponement period imposed herein shall commence as of the 6 date of the termination of the existing revocation, suspension or postponement. The court which places a person on supervisory 7 8 treatment under this section shall collect and forward the person's 9 driver's license to the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission and 10 file an appropriate report with the commission in accordance with 11 the procedure set forth in N.J.S.2C:35-16. The court shall also 12 inform the person of the penalties for operating a motor vehicle 13 during the period of license suspension or postponement as required 14 in N.J.S.2C:35-16.]

15 Upon violation of a term or condition of supervisory treatment 16 the court may enter a judgment of conviction and proceed as 17 otherwise provided, or where there has been no plea of guilty or 18 finding of guilty, resume proceedings. Upon fulfillment of the terms 19 and conditions of supervisory treatment the court shall terminate the supervisory treatment and dismiss the proceedings against him. 20 21 Termination of supervisory treatment and dismissal under this 22 section shall be without court adjudication of guilt and shall not be 23 deemed a conviction for purposes of disqualifications or 24 disabilities, if any, imposed by law upon conviction of a crime or 25 disorderly persons offense but shall be reported by the clerk of the 26 court to the State Bureau of Identification criminal history record 27 information files. Termination of supervisory treatment and 28 dismissal under this section may occur only once with respect to 29 any person. Imposition of supervisory treatment under this section 30 shall not be deemed a conviction for the purposes of determining 31 whether a second or subsequent offense has occurred under section 32 29 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-29), chapter 35 or 36 of this title or 33 any law of this State.

c. Proceedings under this section shall [not] be available to
[any] every defendant unless the court in its discretion concludes
that:

37 (1) The defendant's continued presence in the community, or in
38 a civil treatment center or program, will [not] pose a danger to the
39 community; or

(2) [That the] <u>The</u> terms and conditions of supervisory
treatment will be [adequate] <u>inadequate</u> to protect the public and
will <u>not</u> benefit the defendant by serving to correct any dependence
on or use of controlled substances which he may manifest; [and] <u>or</u>
(3) The person has [not] previously received supervisory
treatment under section 27 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-27),
N.J.S.2C:43-12, or the provisions of this chapter.

d. A person seeking conditional discharge pursuant to this 1 2 section shall pay to the court a fee of \$75 which shall be paid to the 3 Treasurer of the State of New Jersey for deposit in the General 4 Fund. The defendant shall also be required to pay restitution, costs 5 and other assessments as provided by law. A person may apply for a 6 waiver of this fee, by reason of poverty, pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey, or the court may 7 8 permit the defendant to pay the conditional discharge fee and other 9 assessments in installments or may order other alternatives pursuant 10 to section 1 of P.L.2009, c.317 (C.2B:12-23.1). 11 (cf: P.L.2017, c.42, s.9) 12 13 7. N.J.S.2C:52-1 is amended to read as follows: 14 2C:52-1. Definition of Expungement. 15 a. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, expungement shall mean the extraction and isolation of all records on file within 16 17 any court, detention or correctional facility, law enforcement or 18 criminal justice agency concerning a person's detection, 19 apprehension, arrest, detention, trial or disposition of: an offense 20 within the criminal justice system, or a violation of section 10 or 11 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this 21 22 bill). 23 b. Expunged records shall include complaints, warrants, 24 arrests, commitments, processing records, fingerprints, 25 photographs, index cards, "rap sheets" and judicial docket records. 26 (cf: P.L.1979, c.178, s.108) 27 28 8. N.J.S.2C:52-3 is amended to read as follows: 29 2C:52-3. Disorderly persons offenses and petty disorderly 30 persons offenses. a. Any person who has been convicted of one or more 31 32 disorderly persons or petty disorderly persons offenses under the 33 laws of this State who has not been convicted of any crime, whether 34 within this State or any other jurisdiction, may present an 35 expungement application to the Superior Court pursuant to this 36 section. Any person who has been convicted of one or more 37 disorderly persons or petty disorderly persons offenses under the 38 laws of this State who has also been convicted of one or more 39 crimes shall not be eligible to apply for an expungement pursuant to 40 this section, but may present an expungement application to the 41 Superior Court pursuant to N.J.S.2C:52-2. 42 b. Any person who has been convicted of one or more 43 disorderly persons or petty disorderly persons offenses under the 44 laws of this State who has not been convicted of any crime, whether 45 within this State or any other jurisdiction, may present an 46 expungement application to the Superior Court pursuant to this 47 section if:

the person has been convicted, under the laws of this State, on 1 2 the same or separate occasions of no more than four disorderly 3 persons offenses, no more than four petty disorderly persons 4 offenses, or a combination of no more than four disorderly persons 5 and petty disorderly persons offenses, and the person does not 6 otherwise have any prior or subsequent conviction for a disorderly 7 persons or petty disorderly persons offense, whether within this 8 State or any other jurisdiction, such that the total number of 9 convictions for disorderly persons and petty disorderly persons 10 offenses would exceed four; or

11 the person has been convicted of multiple disorderly persons 12 offenses or multiple petty disorderly persons offenses under the 13 laws of this State, or a combination of multiple disorderly persons 14 and petty disorderly persons offenses under the laws of this State, 15 which convictions were entered on the same day, and does not 16 otherwise have any prior or subsequent conviction for another 17 offense in addition to those convictions included in the 18 expungement application, whether any such conviction was within 19 this State or any other jurisdiction; or

20 the person has been convicted of multiple disorderly persons 21 offenses or multiple petty disorderly persons offenses under the 22 laws of this State, or a combination of multiple disorderly persons 23 and petty disorderly persons offenses under the laws of this State, 24 which offenses or combination of offenses were interdependent or 25 closely related in circumstances and were committed as part of a 26 sequence of events that took place within a comparatively short 27 period of time, regardless of the date of conviction or sentencing for each individual offense, and the person does not otherwise have any 28 29 prior or subsequent conviction for another offense in addition to 30 those convictions included in the expungement application, whether 31 within this State or any other jurisdiction.

32 The person, if eligible, may present the expungement application 33 after the expiration of a period of five years from the date of his 34 most recent conviction, payment of fine, satisfactory completion of 35 probation or release from incarceration, whichever is later. The 36 term "fine" as used herein and throughout this section means and 37 includes any fine, restitution, and other court-ordered financial 38 assessment imposed by the court as part of the sentence for the 39 conviction, for which payment of restitution takes precedence in 40 accordance with chapter 46 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 41 The person shall submit the expungement application to the 42 Superior Court in the county in which the most recent conviction 43 for a disorderly persons or petty disorderly persons offense was 44 adjudged, which contains a separate, duly verified petition as 45 provided in N.J.S.2C:52-7 for each conviction sought to be 46 expunged, praying that the conviction, or convictions if applicable, 47 and all records and information pertaining thereto be expunged.

The petition for each conviction appended to an application shall

comply with the requirements of N.J.S.2C:52-1 et seq.
Notwithstanding the provisions of the five-year time
requirement, an application may be filed and presented, and the
court may grant an expungement pursuant to this section, when the
court finds:

7 (1) the fine is satisfied but less than five years have expired 8 from the date of satisfaction, and the five-year time requirement is 9 otherwise satisfied, and the court finds that the person substantially 10 complied with any payment plan ordered pursuant to N.J.S.2C:46-1 11 et seq., or could not do so due to compelling circumstances 12 affecting his ability to satisfy the fine; or

(2) at least three but less than five years have expired from the
date of the most recent conviction, payment of fine, satisfactory
completion of probation or parole, or release from incarceration,
whichever is later; and

17 the person has not been otherwise convicted of a crime, 18 disorderly persons offense, or petty disorderly persons offense since 19 the time of the most recent conviction; and the court finds in its 20 discretion that expungement is in the public interest, giving due 21 consideration to the nature of the offense or offenses, and the 22 applicant's character and conduct since the conviction or 23 convictions.

In determining whether compelling circumstances exist for the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, a court may consider the amount of the fine or fines imposed, the person's age at the time of the offense or offenses, the person's financial condition and other relevant circumstances regarding the person's ability to pay.

29 c. The provisions of N.J.S.2C:52-7 through N.J.S.2C:52-14
 30 shall not apply to an expungement of a conviction of any of the
 31 following offenses that occurred prior to the enactment of P.L. ,

32 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) and no fee
 33 shall be charged to the person making such application:

34 (1) a violation of subsections a., b., or c. of N.J.S.2C:35-10
35 involving possession of 10 grams or less of marijuana, including
36 any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use amount of a regulated
37 marijuana-infused product as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or one gram
38 or less of hashish or marijuana concentrate; or

39 (2) a violation of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:36-2 involving
40 paraphernalia for the use of 10 grams or less of marijuana,
41 including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use amount of a
42 regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or
43 one gram or less of hashish or marijuana concentrate.

44 (cf: P.L.2017, c.244, s.2)

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46 9. Section 1 of P.L.1964, c.289 (C.39:4-49.1) is amended to 47 read as follows:

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1. No person shall operate a motor vehicle on any highway 1 2 while knowingly having in his possession or in the motor vehicle 3 any controlled dangerous substance as classified in Schedules I, II, 4 III, IV and V of the "New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances 5 Act," P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-1 et seq.) or any prescription 6 legend drug, unless the person has obtained the substance or drug 7 from, or on a valid written prescription of, a duly licensed 8 physician, veterinarian, dentist or other medical practitioner licensed to write prescriptions intended for the treatment or 9 10 prevention of disease in man or animals or unless the person 11 possesses a controlled dangerous substance pursuant to a lawful 12 order of a practitioner or lawfully possesses a Schedule V 13 substance. 14 A person who violates this section shall be fined not less than 15 \$50.00 and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor 16 vehicle for a period of two years from the date of his conviction. 17 This section shall not apply to possession of 10 grams or less of 18 marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use 19 amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in 20 N.J.S.2C:35-2; or one gram or less of hashish or marijuana 21 concentrate. 22 (cf: P.L.1985, c.239, s.1) 23 24 10. (New section) a. Any person who, in violation of paragraph 25 (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10, possesses 10 grams or less 26 of marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use 27 amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in 28 N.J.S.2C:35-2; or one gram or less of hashish or marijuana 29 concentrate, shall be subject to the following civil penalties: 30 (1) \$150 for a first violation; 31 (2) \$200 for a second violation; 32 (3) \$500 for a third or subsequent violation. 33 No additional fines, penalties, or fees shall be imposed by the 34 court, except court costs. 35 The penalty shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty 36 Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), 37 in a summary proceeding before the municipal court having 38 jurisdiction. A penalty recovered under the provisions of this 39 section shall be recovered by and in the name of the State by the 40 local municipality. The penalty shall be paid into the treasury of 41 the municipality in which the violation occurred. Of each penalty 42 imposed pursuant to this section, \$50 shall be forwarded by the 43 municipality to the State to be deposited in the "Drug Education 44 Program Fund" established pursuant to section 13 of P.L. 45) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The c. C. 46 remainder of the penalty monies collected pursuant to this section 47 shall be retained by the municipality for the general uses of the 48 municipality.

1 A violation of this section shall be proved by a preponderance of 2 the evidence.

3 The court may waive the penalties in cases of extreme financial 4 hardship. The court shall waive the penalties for a single violation 5 within a three-year period upon proof that, within 60 days of the 6 violation, the person completed a substance abuse assessment by a 7 professional licensed by the Division of Mental Health and 8 Addiction Services in the Department of Health to perform such 9 assessments. A person who intends to undergo such an assessment 10 shall notify the court, which shall schedule the matter for review 11 after 180 days. If proof of completion of the assessment is filed on 12 or before 180 days, the court shall waive the penalties without a 13 hearing unless requested by a party.

14 b. The substance abuse assessment shall determine if, and to 15 what extent, the person is a drug dependent person within the 16 meaning of N.J.S.2C:35-2 and would benefit from treatment. If the 17 person is determined to not be drug dependent he shall complete a 18 two-hour education program on marijuana and other controlled 19 dangerous substances according to a curriculum developed by the 20 Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services in the Department of Health. The curriculum shall include written 21 22 materials. If the professional determines that the person is not drug 23 dependent, the professional shall report to the court that no further 24 action is needed, and the records of the violation shall be expunged 25 as set forth in subsection e. of this section.

26 If the person is determined to be drug dependent within the c. 27 meaning of N.J.S.2C:35-2 and substance abuse treatment and 28 monitoring will serve to benefit the person by addressing his drug 29 dependency, the court shall order the person to undergo treatment 30 for drug dependency at a suitable treatment facility licensed and 31 approved by the Department of Health and to comply with the 32 requirements of the course of treatment. The person shall be 33 required to submit to periodic testing to determine compliance with 34 treatment program goals. The treatment provider shall promptly 35 report to the court any significant failures by the person to comply 36 with any court-imposed term or condition of treatment or any 37 requirements of the course of treatment, including but not limited to 38 a positive drug or alcohol test or the unexcused failure to to attend 39 any session or activity.

d. Upon completion of treatment, the agency designated by the
court to monitor or supervise the person's treatment shall report to
the court as to the person's progress in treatment and compliance
with court-imposed terms and conditions.

e. After the expiration of a period of six months following the
completion of the education program set forth in subsection b. of
this section or following substance abuse treatment as set forth in
subsection c. of this section, the records of the violation shall be
expunged in accordance with the provisions of section 12 of

P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 Expungement shall not require any action by the person or the
 payment of any fee.

4 A person may apply for a waiver of court fees and the cost f. 5 of the substance abuse assessment and treatment set forth in this 6 section by reason of extreme financial hardship. Costs of the 7 substance abuse assessment may be reimbursed from the Drug 8 Education Fund established in Program section 13 of 9 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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11 11. (New section) a. Any person who possesses drug
paraphernalia, as defined in N.J.S.2C:36-1, for the personal use of
10 grams or less of marijuana, a personal-use amount of a regulated
marijuana-infused product, or one gram or less of hashish or
marijuana concentrate, shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$100.
No additional fines, penalties, or fees shall be imposed by the court,
except court costs.

18 The penalty shall be collected pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), 19 20 in a summary proceeding before the municipal court having jurisdiction. A penalty recovered under the provisions of this 21 22 section shall be recovered by and in the name of the State by the 23 local municipality. The penalty shall be paid into the treasury of 24 the municipality in which the violation occurred. Of each penalty 25 imposed pursuant to this section, \$50 shall be forwarded by the 26 municipality to the State to be deposited in the "Drug Education 27 Program Fund" established pursuant to section of 13 28 P.L., c. C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The 29 remainder of the penalty monies collected pursuant to this section 30 shall be retained by the municipality for the general uses of the 31 municipality.

A violation of this section shall be proved by a preponderance ofthe evidence.

34 The court may waive the penalty in cases of extreme financial 35 hardship. The court shall waive the penalty for a single violation 36 within a three-year period upon proof that, within 60 days of the 37 violation, the person completed a substance abuse assessment by a 38 professional licensed by the Division of Mental Health and 39 Addiction Services in the Department of Health to perform such 40 assessments. A person who intends to undergo such an assessment 41 shall notify the court, which shall schedule the matter for review 42 after 180 days. If proof of completion of the assessment is filed on 43 or before 180 days, the court shall waive the penalties without a 44 hearing unless requested by a party.

b. The substance abuse assessment shall determine if, and to
what extent, the person is a drug dependent person within the
meaning of N.J.S.2C:35-2 and would benefit from treatment. If the
person is determined to not be drug dependent he shall complete a

two-hour education program on marijuana and other controlled 1 2 dangerous substances according to a curriculum developed by the 3 Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services in the 4 Department of Health. The curriculum shall include written 5 materials. If the professional determines that the person is not drug 6 dependent, the professional shall report to the court that no further 7 action is needed, and the records of the violation shall be expunged 8 as set forth in subsection e. of this section.

9 c. If the person is determined to be drug dependent within the 10 meaning of N.J.S.2C:35-2 and substance abuse treatment and monitoring will serve to benefit the person by addressing his drug 11 12 dependency, the court shall order the person to undergo treatment 13 for drug dependency at a suitable treatment facility licensed and 14 approved by the Department of Health and to comply with the 15 requirements of the course of treatment. The person shall be required to submit to periodic testing to determine compliance with 16 17 treatment program goals. The treatment provider shall promptly 18 report to the court any significant failures by the person to comply 19 with any court-imposed term or condition of treatment or any 20 requirements of the course of treatment, including but not limited to a positive drug or alcohol test or the unexcused failure to to attend 21 22 any session or activity.

d. Upon completion of treatment, the agency designated by the
court to monitor or supervise the person's treatment shall report to
the court as to the person's progress in treatment and compliance
with court-imposed terms and conditions.

27 After the expiration of a period of six months following the e. 28 completion of the education program set forth in subsection b. of 29 this section or following substance abuse treatment as set forth in 30 subsection c. of this section, the records of the violation shall be 31 expunged in accordance with the provisions of section 12 of 32) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). P.L., c. (C. 33 Expungement shall not require any action by the person or the 34 payment of any fee.

35 A person may apply for a waiver of court fees and the cost f. 36 of the substance abuse assessment and treatment set forth in this 37 section by reason of extreme financial hardship. Costs of the 38 substance abuse assessment may be reimbursed from the Drug 39 Education Program Fund established in section 13 of P.L. , c. (C. 40) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 41

42 12. (New section) Pursuant to the provisions of subsection e. of 43 section 10 of P.L. . c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature 44 as this bill) and subsection e. of section 11 of of 45 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 46 the court shall order the expungement of all records and information 47 relating to a violation of section 10 or 11 of P.L., c. (C.) 48 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The provisions of

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N.J.S.2C:52-7 through N.J.S.2C:52-14 shall not apply to the
 expungement of such records and no fee shall be charged to the
 person.

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13. (New section) The "Drug Education Program Fund" is 5 6 established as a dedicated, nonlapsing, revolving fund in the 7 Department of the Treasury. Monies deposited in the fund shall be 8 appropriated to the Department of Health, Division of Mental 9 Health and Addiction Services for drug education programs. 10 Monies shall also be used to reimburse the costs of substance abuse assessment and treatment pursuant to subsection b. 11 of 12 N.J.S.2C:36A-1 and sections 10 and 11 of P.L. , c. (C.) 13 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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15 14. (New section) In addition to the provisions of any other law,
a person who negligently stores a regulated marijuana-infused
product, resulting in a minor under the age of 18 years possessing
such product, shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense.

19 It shall be prima facie evidence that the person did not act negligently pursuant to this section if he lawfully obtained the 20 regulated marijuana-infused product from a jurisdiction where 21 22 marijuana sales to adults are authorized under the law of the 23 jurisdiction, and stored the product in its original, child-resistant, 24 labeled packaging. Failure to store a regulated marijuana-infused 25 product in its original, child-resistant, labeled packaging shall be 26 prima facie evidence of negligence pursuant to this section.

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28 15. (New section) Any person who is serving a sentence on the 29 effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) for a violation of: (1) subsection a. of 30 31 N.J.S.2C:35-10 involving possession of 10 grams or less of 32 marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use 33 amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in 34 N.J.S.2C:35-2; or one gram or less of hashish or marijuana 35 concentrate; (2) subsection b. or c. of N.J.S.2C:35-10; or (3) 36 N.J.S.2C:36-2 may move to have his sentence reviewed by the 37 sentencing court. The court may impose a civil penalty pursuant to 38 section 10 or 11 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the 39 Legislature as this bill).

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41 16. (New section) P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the 42 Legislature as this bill) shall apply to all persons convicted of, but 43 not yet sentenced as of the effective date of P.L., c. (C. 44 (pending before the Legislature as this bill) for a violation of: (1) 45 subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10 involving possession of 10 grams 46 or less of marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a 47 personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as 48 defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or one gram or less of hashish or

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marijuana concentrate; (2) subsection b. or c. of N.J.S.2C:35-10; or

(3) N.J.S.2C:36-2. The defendant may move to have his conviction

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3 overturned by the court. The court may impose a civil penalty 4 pursuant to section 10 or 11 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending 5 before the Legislature as this bill). 6 7) (pending before the 17. (New section) P.L. , c. (C. 8 Legislature as this bill) shall apply to all criminal charges pending 9 on the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 10 Legislature as this bill) for a violation of: (1) subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10 involving possession of 10 grams or less of 11 12 marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use 13 amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in 14 N.J.S.2C:35-2; or one gram or less of hashish or marijuana 15 concentrate; (2) subsection b. or c. of N.J.S.2C:35-10; or (3) 16 N.J.S.2C:36-2. On and after the effective date of 17 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 18 the court shall dismiss any such criminal charges but the prosecutor 19 may charge the defendant with a violation pursuant to section 10 or 20 11 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this 21 bill). 22 23 18. (New section) The Attorney General shall issue guidelines 24 for prosecutors and law enforcement to effectuate the provisions of 25 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 26 27 19. (New section) The Commissioner of Health, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall adopt rules and regulations 28 29 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 30 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of 31 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 32 20. This act shall take effect on the 60th day following 33 34 enactment. 35 36 37 **STATEMENT** 38 39 This bill would decriminalize possession of 10 grams or less of marijuana and certain marijuana products and impose civil penalties 40 41 for such possession. The bill would also eliminate all penalties for 42 being under the influence of marijuana. 43 CIVIL PENALTIES. The bill amends N.J.S.2C:35-10, Possession, 44 Use or Being Under the Influence, to provide that a person who 45 possesses 10 grams or less of marijuana, including any adulterants 46 or dilutants; a "personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-47 infused product"; or one gram or less of hashish or marijuana 48 concentrate would be subject to a civil penalty: a fine of \$150 for a 1 first violation, a \$200 fine for a second violation, and a \$500 fine

2 for a third or subsequent violation. The bill would allow the court to

3 waive the penalties in case of extreme financial hardship and under

4 certain other circumstances.

5 DEFINITIONS. The bill defines "personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product" as "one or more products, 6 7 containing a total of no more than 100 milligrams of 8 tetrahydrocannabinol, comprised of marijuana, marijuana extracts, 9 or marijuana resins and other ingredients and intended for personal 10 use or consumption, including but not limited to edible products, 11 ointments, and tinctures, lawfully obtained from a jurisdiction 12 where marijuana sales to adults are authorized under the law of the 13 jurisdiction, in its original, child-resistant, labeled packaging when 14 stored."

The bill defines "marijuana concentrate" as "a product consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the plant Genus Cannabis L. and having a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration greater than 2.5 percent."

19 CURRENT LAW. Under current law, possession of 50 grams or 20 less of marijuana or five grams or less of hashish is a disorderly 21 persons offense. Possession of more than 50 grams of marijuana or 22 more than five grams of hashish is a crime of the fourth degree, 23 with an enhanced fine of up to \$25,000. A crime of the fourth 24 degree is generally punishable by a term of imprisonment of up to 25 18 months or a fine up to \$10,000, or both; a disorderly persons 26 offense, by a term of imprisonment of up to six months or a fine of 27 up to \$1,000 or both.

Under subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:35-10, it is a disorderly persons offense to use or be under the influence of any controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, for a purpose other than the treatment of sickness or injury as lawfully prescribed or administered by a physician. This bill provides that it would not be a violation to be under the influence of marijuana.

Subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:35-10 provides that it is a disorderly person offense to unlawfully obtain or possess a controlled dangerous substance, or its analog, and to fail to voluntarily deliver it to the nearest law enforcement officer. The bill provides that this statute would not apply to possession of 10 grams or less of marijuana, a personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product, or one gram or less of hashish or marijuana concentrate.

N.J.S.2C:36-2 provides that it is a disorderly persons offense to
be in possession of drug paraphernalia. Under the bill, this statute
would not apply to a person who possesses drug paraphernalia for
the use of 10 grams or less of marijuana, a personal-use amount of a
regulated marijuana-infused product, or one gram or less of hashish
or marijuana concentrate. Instead, the person would be subject to a
civil penalty of \$100.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE ASSESSMENT. The bill requires the court to 1 2 waive the penalties for a single violation within a three-year period 3 upon proof that, within 60 days of the violation, the person 4 completed a substance abuse assessment by a professional licensed 5 by the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services in the 6 Department of Health to perform such assessments. Under the bill, a 7 person who intends to undergo such an assessment would notify the 8 court, which would schedule the matter for review after 180 days. 9 If proof of completion of the assessment is filed on or before 180 10 days, the court would waive the penalties without a hearing unless 11 requested by a party. The bill provides that the substance abuse 12 assessment would determine if, and to what extent, the person is a 13 drug dependent person within the meaning of N.J.S.2C:35-2 and 14 would benefit from treatment.

15 EDUCATION PROGRAM; EXPUNGEMENT OF RECORDS. If the 16 person is determined to not be drug dependent the person would be 17 required to complete a two-hour education program on marijuana 18 and other controlled dangerous substances according to a 19 curriculum developed by the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services in the Department of Health. The curriculum 20 would include written materials. If the person is not drug 21 22 dependent, the professional would report to the court that no further 23 action is needed, and the records of the violation would be 24 expunged after the expiration of six months following completion 25 of the education program. Expungement would not require any 26 action by the person or the payment of any fee.

27 SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT; EXPUNGEMENT OF RECORDS. 28 The bill provides that if the person is a drug dependent person 29 within the meaning of N.J.S.2C:35-2 and substance abuse treatment 30 and monitoring would serve to benefit the person by addressing his 31 drug dependency, the court would order him to undergo treatment 32 for drug dependency at a suitable treatment facility licensed and 33 approved by the Department of Health and to comply with the 34 requirements of the course of treatment. The person would be 35 required to submit to periodic testing to determine compliance with treatment program goals. The treatment provider would promptly 36 37 report to the court any significant failures by the person to comply 38 with any court-imposed term or condition of treatment or any 39 requirements of the course of treatment, including but not limited to 40 a positive drug or alcohol test or the unexcused failure to to attend 41 any session or activity.

42 Under the bill, upon completion of treatment, the agency 43 designated by the court to monitor or supervise the person's 44 treatment would report to the court as to the person's progress in 45 treatment and compliance with court-imposed terms and conditions. 46 Records would be expunged after the expiration of a period of six 47 months. Expungement would not require any action by the person 48 or the payment of any fee.

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1 WAIVER OF FEES AND COST OF ASSESSMENT. The bill provides 2 that a person may apply for a waiver of court fees and the cost of 3 the substance abuse assessment and treatment by reason of extreme 4 financial hardship. Costs of the substance abuse assessment may be 5 reimbursed from the Drug Education Program Fund established in 6 the bill.

7 POSSESSION IN A MOTOR VEHICLE. Under N.J.S.A.39:4-49.1, a 8 person who operates a motor vehicle while in possession of a 9 controlled dangerous substance or prescription drug without a valid 10 prescription is subject to a fine of not less \$50 and forfeits his right 11 to operate a motor vehicle for two years. The bill provides that 12 these penalties would not apply to possession of 10 grams or less of 13 marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use 14 amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in 15 N.J.S.2C:35-2; or one gram or less of hashish or marijuana 16 concentrate.

17 DISORDERLY PERSONS OFFENSE: NEGLIGENT STORAGE OF 18 REGULATED MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCT. The bill also 19 establishes a new criminal offense. Under the bill, a person who 20 negligently stores a regulated marijuana-infused product, resulting 21 in a minor under the age of 18 years possessing such product, would 22 be guilty of a disorderly persons offense. It would be prima facie 23 evidence that the person did not act negligently if he lawfully 24 the regulated marijuana-infused product from obtained а 25 jurisdiction where marijuana sales to adults are authorized under the 26 law of the jurisdiction, and stored the product in its original, child-27 resistant, labeled packaging. Failure to store a regulated marijuana-28 infused product in its original, child-resistant, labeled packaging 29 would be prima facie evidence of negligence.

30 EXPUNGEMENT OF CERTAIN PRIOR CRIMINAL OFFENSES INVOLVING MARIJUANA. The bill provides that in the case of 31 32 conviction for the possession of 10 grams or less of marijuana, a 33 personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product, or 34 one gram or less of hashish or marijuana concentrate that occurred 35 prior to the effective date of the bill, an expungement petition may 36 be filed and presented at any time, without the usual waiting period 37 for expungement. Upon review of the petition, the court would 38 immediately grant the expungement.

39 CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE FOR FIRST OFFENDERS. The bill 40 amends N.J.S.2C:36A-2, which provides conditional discharge for 41 certain first offenders charged with disorderly persons or petty 42 disorderly persons drug offenses, to mandate drug treatment in 43 certain cases. Under the bill, when a first offender is charged with a 44 disorderly persons or petty disorderly persons drug offense, the 45 court would suspend further proceedings and place the person on 46 supervisory treatment. The person would be required to undergo a 47 diagnostic assessment by a professional licensed or certified to 48 perform such assessments by the Division of Mental Health and

Addiction Services in the Department of Health to determine if and 1 2 to what extent the person is drug dependent and would benefit from 3 treatment. If the person is determined to not be drug dependent he 4 would complete a two-hour education program on marijuana and 5 other controlled dangerous substances, according to a curriculum 6 developed by the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services 7 in the Department of Health. The curriculum would include written 8 materials. If the professional determines that the person is not drug 9 dependent, the professional would report to the court that no further 10 action is needed, and the records of the violation would be 11 expunged.

12 If the person is determined to be drug dependent and substance 13 abuse treatment and monitoring would serve to benefit the person 14 by addressing his drug dependency, the court would order the 15 person to undergo treatment for drug dependency at a suitable 16 treatment facility licensed and approved by the Department of 17 Health and to comply with the requirements of the course of 18 treatment. The person would be required to submit to periodic 19 testing to determine compliance with treatment program goals. 20 Upon completion of treatment, the agency designated by the court 21 to monitor or supervise the person's treatment would report to the 22 court as to the person's progress in treatment and compliance with 23 court-imposed terms and conditions. The treatment provider would 24 promptly report to the court any significant failures by the person to 25 comply with any court-imposed term or condition of treatment or 26 any requirements of the course of treatment, including but not 27 limited to a positive drug or alcohol test or the unexcused failure to 28 to attend any session or activity. The bill provides that a person may 29 apply for a waiver of court fees and the cost of the substance abuse 30 assessment and treatment by reason of extreme financial hardship. 31 Costs of the substance abuse assessment may be reimbursed from 32 the Drug Education Program Fund established in the bill.

After the expiration of a period of six months following the completion of the education program or following substance abuse treatment, the records of the violation would be expunged. Expungement would not require any action by the person or the payment of any fee. A person may apply for a waiver of court fees and the cost of the substance abuse assessment by reason of extreme financial hardship.

40 Under current law, as a term and condition of supervisory 41 treatment under N.J.S.2C:36A-2 the court must suspend the 42 person's driving privileges for a period of six months to two years 43 unless the court finds compelling circumstances warranting an 44 exception. The bill deletes this provision for all persons 45 participating in supervisory treatment under the statute.

46 Conditional discharge would be available to every defendant47 unless the court in its discretion concludes that:

1 (1) The defendant's continued presence in the community, or in 2 a civil treatment center or program, will pose a danger to the 3 community; or

4 (2) The terms and conditions of supervisory treatment will be
5 inadequate to protect the public and will not benefit the defendant
6 by serving to correct any dependence on or use of controlled
7 substances which he may manifest; or

8 (3) The person has previously received supervisory treatment
9 under section 27 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-27), N.J.S.2C:43-12,
10 or the conditional discharge program.

11 MUNICIPAL COURT JURISDICTION. The bill would amend 12 N.J.S.2B:12-17, which sets out the jurisdiction of the municipal 13 court, to add jurisdiction for the new civil penalties created by the 14 bill.

15 DRUG EDUCATION PROGRAM FUND. The bill provides that \$50 of 16 each penalty imposed would be forwarded by the municipality to 17 the State to be deposited in the "Drug Education Program Fund" 18 established pursuant to the bill. The remainder of the penalty 19 monies would be retained by the municipality for the general uses of the municipality. Monies deposited in the "Drug Education 20 21 Program Fund" would be appropriated to the Department of Health, 22 Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services for drug 23 education programs. Monies in the fund would also be used to 24 reimburse the costs of substance abuse assessment and treatment 25 pursuant to the bill.

APPLICABILITY. The bill encompasses persons convicted and serving sentences for marijuana offenses under current law; persons convicted but not yet sentenced; and persons charged with offenses who have not yet gone to trial or otherwise had the charges resolved, as follows:

31 -- Any person who is serving a sentence on the effective date of 32 the bill may move to have his sentence reviewed by the sentencing 33 court, and the court may impose a civil penalty pursuant to the bill, 34 if the person is serving a sentence for a violation of: (1) subsection 35 a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10 (possession) for 10 grams or less of marijuana, 36 including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-use amount of a 37 regulated marijuana-infused product; or one gram or less of hashish 38 or marijuana concentrate; (2) subsection b. or c. of N.J.S.2C:35-10 39 (being under the influence of marijuana, or failing to deliver 40 marijuana to law enforcement); or (3) N.J.S.2C:36-2 (paraphernalia 41 for marijuana use).

-- Any person who has been convicted, but is not yet sentenced,
on the effective date of the bill may move to have his conviction
overturned by the court, and the court may impose a civil penalty
pursuant to the bill, if the person has been convicted of a violation
of: (1) subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10 (possession) for 10 grams or
less of marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a personaluse amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product; or one gram

or less of hashish or marijuana concentrate; (2) subsection b. or c. 1 2 of N.J.S.2C:35-10 (being under the influence of marijuana, or 3 failing to deliver marijuana to law enforcement); or (3) 4 N.J.S.2C:36-2 (paraphernalia for marijuana use). 5 -- Any person who has criminal charges pending on the effective 6 date of the bill would have those criminal charges dismissed, and 7 the prosecutor may charge the person with the civil penalty 8 pursuant to the bill, if the person has been charged with a violation 9 of: (1) subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10 (possession) for 10 grams or 10 less of marijuana, including any adulterants or dilutants; a personal-11 use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product; or one gram 12 or less of hashish or marijuana concentrate; (2) subsection b. or c. 13 of N.J.S.2C:35-10 (being under the influence of marijuana, or 14 failing to deliver marijuana to law enforcement); or (3) 15 N.J.S.2C:36-2 (paraphernalia for marijuana use). 16 ATTORNEY GENERAL GUIDELINES. The bill requires the Attorney 17 General to issue guidelines for prosecutors and law enforcement to 18 effectuate the provisions of the bill. 19 COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH GUIDELINES. The Commissioner of Health, in consultation with the Attorney General, would be 20 required to adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the 21 22 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 23 seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of the bill. 24 MEDICAL MARIJUANA NOT AFFECTED. This bill would not be applicable to any person in compliance with the "New Jersey 25 Compassionate Use Medical Marijuana Act," P.L.2009, c.307 26

27 (C.24:6I-1 et al.).